

# EE 475 Quiz 07

Name: key

1. For a unity feedback control system with open loop transfer function  $G_o(s)$ ,

- the position error constant  $K_p = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} G_o(s)$
- the velocity error constant  $K_v = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s G_o(s)$
- the acceleration error constant  $K_a = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s^2 G_o(s)$
- the ess due to a step input is  $e_{ss2step} = \frac{1}{1+K_p}$
- the ess due to a ramp input is  $e_{ss2ramp} = \frac{1}{K_v}$
- the ess due to an acceleration input is  $e_{ss2acc} = \frac{1}{K_a}$

Note:  $K_v = b_0/a_1$  is not the exact answer, since it cannot calculate  $K_v$  for type 0, which is 0, same reason for  $K_a = b_0/a_2$

2. There is a necessary condition before you can use the ess formulas, since they are derived based on the final value theorem. That necessary condition is that \_\_\_\_\_

All poles on LHP. (left half plane)

3. In the regular case of using the Routh criteria, we can make two statements after the table is constructed. The two statements are:

- The characteristic polynomial is stable if 1st column have same sign.
- The number of sign changes in the 1<sup>st</sup> col = number of roots in right half plane.



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1. Use  $\zeta$ ,  $\sigma$ ,  $\omega_n$ , and  $\omega_d$  to fill in the spaces below.

• Settling time is inversely proportional to  $\sigma \leftarrow t_s = \frac{4}{\sigma}$

• Rise time is inversely proportional to  $\omega_n \leftarrow t_r = \frac{2}{\omega_n}$

• Percentage overshoot is most directly determined by  $\zeta \leftarrow M_p = e^{\frac{-\zeta}{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}}}$

• Oscillation frequency is proportional to  $\omega_n$

• Peak time is inversely proportional to  $\omega_n, \omega_d \leftarrow t_p = \frac{\pi}{\omega_d}$

• Delay time is inversely proportional to  $\omega_n \leftarrow t_d = \frac{1.4}{\omega_n}$

2. The open loop TF of the RL equation has denominator degree  $n=5$  and numerator degree  $m=2$ . Answer the following question:

i. There are 5 branches of root locus.

ii. There are 3 asymptotes

iii. The angle of the asymptote are  $\pi, \pm \frac{\pi}{3}$  if  $n=5, m=2$ .

iv. If  $n=5, m=2$ , the closed-loop system will be stable or unstable when  $K$  is very large.